


## WORKSHEET N°7 :

### EVALUATION OF THE RESULTS, EFFECTS AND IMPACT EXPECTED FROM ORGANIZATIONAL CAPACITY BUILDING STRATEGIES (EXAMPLE TAFOUKA (NIGER))

<b>Current situation of the organizational gender profile of the fishermen's association and women's association in Tafouka</b>					<b>Desired effects from the strategy to build up the organizational and technical capacities on the profile between now and 2005</b>				
Assets	Access		Decision						
	Women	Men	Women	Men					
Natural capital: fish, farmlands (respective inequities)	5 ha	5 ha 5 ha			+				
Farmlands : relative inequities	000	0000000			+				
Human capital (Training)	000000	0							
Financial capital (starting capital)	00 10.000 F	00000000 50.000 F			+				
Social capital (Committee of the wise)		+			+	Credit obtained from women			
Physical capital (fishing equipment)									
Factors of influence Natural capital / Women → loan of village head Natural capital / Men → made available by the President of the association					Factors of influence Natural capital / Women/men → contract for village head to release the community domain Natural capital Women/ Men → purchase by as many women as men from the two associations				

Apart from this example, all the other indicators defined are more or less guesswork. It is only here that one can really monitor and evaluate the impact on the reduction of relative inequities since it is expected that with the additional 15 hectares, women's share increases from 5 to 13 ha (being 33 % to 43 %) and the men from 10 to 17 ha (from 67 % to 57 %) backed by support measures to strengthen their relative access/control of the capital human and financial assets and/or social capital, and a Council of the wise that now allocates more equitable the farm lands so that everyone can buy and have access.